$\qquad$

## Lesson <br> 4.1

## Reteach

Example There are 42 counters. The counters are in 6 equal rows. How many counters are in each row?


There are 42 counters, 6 rows, and 7 columns.
Division equation:


dividend
There are 7 counters in each row.

Find the quotient.

1. There are 27 counters. The counters are in 3 equal rows. How many counters are in each row?

3 rows of $\qquad$
$27 \div 3=$ $\qquad$
2. There are 15 counters. The counters are in 5 equal rows. How many counters are in each row?

5 rows of $\qquad$

$$
15 \div 5=
$$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson <br> 4.2

## Reteach

A fact family is a group of related facts that uses the same numbers.

## Example



## Multiplication

6 rows of 8 counters
$6 \times 8=48$
48 counters

## Division

48 counters in 6 equal rows
$48 \div 6=8$
8 counters in each row

Fact family for 6,8 , and 48 :

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
6 \times 8=48 & 48 \div 6=8 \\
8 \times 6=48 & 48 \div 8=6
\end{array}
$$

1. 



Use the array to complete the equations.
$3 \times 7=$ $\qquad$ $21 \div 3=$ $\qquad$

Write the other 2 facts in the fact family.

Name $\qquad$

## Lesson

4.3

## Reteach

Example Write the related multiplication fact. Then find the quotient.
Find $12 \div 2$.


There are 12 counters. The counters are in groups of 2 .

| 2 <br> counters <br> per group | $\times$ | 6 <br> number of <br> groups |  | number <br> in all |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $12 \div 2=6$ |  |  |  |



Write the related multiplication fact. Then find the quotient.

1. Find $40 \div 10$.
$10 \times$ $\qquad$ $=40$
$40 \div 10=$ $\qquad$
2. Find $28 \div 2$.
$2 \times$ $\qquad$ $=28$
$28 \div 2=$ $\qquad$
3. Find $20 \div 2$.
$2 \times$ $\qquad$ $=20$
$20 \div 2=$ $\qquad$
4. Find $35 \div 5$.
$5 \times$ $\qquad$ $=35$
$35 \div 5=$ $\qquad$
5. Find $15 \div 5$.
$5 \times$ $\qquad$ $=15$
$15 \div 5=$ $\qquad$
6. Find $60 \div 10$.
$10 \times$ $\qquad$ $=60$
$60 \div 10=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson

4.4

## Reteach

Example Find $24 \div 4$.


$$
24 \div 4=6 \text { or } 4 \longdiv { 2 4 }
$$

Example Find $12 \div 3$.


Complete the model and find the quotient.

1. Find $36 \div 4$.

$36 \div 4=$ $\qquad$
2. Find $15 \div 3$.

$\qquad$

## Lesson <br> 4.5

## Reteach

Example Find $18 \div 6$.
Think: 6 times what number is 18 ?
$6 \times 3=18$

$18 \div 6=3$ or $6 \longdiv { 1 8 }$

## Example Find $35 \div 7$.

Think: 7 times what number is 35 ?


Complete the model and find the quotient.

1. Find $56 \div 7$.

$56 \div 7=$ $\qquad$
2. Find $24 \div 6$.

$\qquad$

## Lesson <br> 4.6

## Reteach

Example Find $45 \div 9$.
Think: 9 times what number is 45 ?
$9 \times 5=45$

$45 \div 9=5$ or $9 \longdiv { 4 5 }$

## Example Find $56 \div 8$.

Think: 8 times what number is 56 ?


Complete the model and find the quotient.

1. Find $32 \div 8$.

$32 \div 8=$ $\qquad$
2. Find $27 \div 9$.

$\qquad$

## Lesson <br> 4.7 <br> Reteach

- 0 divided by any number (except 0 ) is 0 .
- Any number (except 0) divided by itself is 1 .

Example Find 2:1.
Think: 1 times what number is 2 ?

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1 \times \ldots=2 \\
& 1 \times 2=2
\end{aligned}
$$

$\qquad$


- You cannot divide by 0 .
- Any number divided by 1 is itself.


## Example Find $0 \div 2$.

Think: 2 times $2 \times$ what number is 0 ?
$\qquad$ $=0$
$2 \times 0=0$
Then: Find the

$$
0 \div 2=
$$

$\qquad$ quotient.

$$
0 \div 2=0
$$

Example Find $2 \div 2$.
Think: 2 times what number is 2 ?

$$
2 \times \ldots=2
$$

$$
2 \times 1=2
$$

Then: Find the
$2 \div 2=$ $\qquad$ quotient.

$$
2 \div 2=1
$$

Example Find 2 $\div 0$.

Think: 0 times what number is 2 ?

There is no such number.

So, you cannot divide by 0 .

Write the related multiplication fact. Then find the quotient.

1. $6 \div 6=$ $\qquad$
2. $9 \div 1=$ $\qquad$
3. $0 \div 5=$ $\qquad$
4. $12 \div 12=$ $\qquad$

Name $\qquad$

## Lesson <br> 4.8

## Reteach

Example Find $12 \div 4$.


It takes 3 counters in each row to make 12.

So, $12 \div 4=3$.

Another way: Use a multiplication fact.

Think: 4 times what number is 12 ?
$4 \times$ $\qquad$ $=12$
$4 \times 3=12$
So, $12 \div 4=3$.

Another way: Use a number line.

Start at 12. Count back by 4 s until you reach 0 .


Count the jumps.
There are 3 jumps of 4 .

So, $12 \div 4=3$.

Use any strategy to find the quotient.

1. $32 \div 4=$ $\qquad$
2. $63 \div 7=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Lesson <br> 4.9 <br> Reteach

You buy 5 boxes of pasta and a jar of pasta sauce. You spend $\$ 27$. The jar of pasta sauce costs $\$ 7$. Each box of pasta costs the same amount. How much is each box of pasta?

## 1. Understand the problem

What do you know?
Hint: Look for the numbers in the problem.

- You buy 5 boxes of pasta and 1 jar of pasta sauce.
- You spend a total of $\$ 27$.
- The jar of pasta sauce costs $\$ 7$.


## 2. Make a plan

How will you solve?
Hint: Follow the solving order in "What do you need to find?"

- Subtract 7 from 27 to find out how much you spent on the boxes of pasta.
- Then divide the total by 5 to find out how much each box of pasta costs.


## 3. Solve

- You spent $27-7=\$ 20$ on the pasta.

Pick a division strategy.

- Model $20 \div 5$.

- Use a multiplication fact.

Think: 5 times what number is 20 ?
$5 \times 4=20$

- Then find the quotient.
$20 \div 5=4$

1. Newton buys 5 paint brushes and a baseball cap. He spends $\$ 52$. The baseball cap costs $\$ 17$. The 5 paint brushes all cost the same amount. How much is each paint brush?
